William Shakespeare - Sonnet #138

When my love swears that she is made of truth I do believe her, though I know she lies, That she might think me some untutor'd youth, Unlearned in the world's false subtleties. Thus vainly thinking that she thinks me young, Although she knows my days are past the best, Simply I credit her false-speaking tongue: On both sides thus is simple truth suppress'd. But wherefore says she not she is unjust? And wherefore say not I that I am old? O, love's best habit is in seeming trust, And age in love loves not to have years told:

Therefore I lie with her and she with me, And in our faults by lies we flatter'd be.

The Dance

In Breughel's great picture, The Kermess, the dancers go round, they go round and around, the squeal and the blare and the tweedle of bagpipes, a bugle and fiddles tipping their bellies (round as the thick-sided glasses whose wash they impound) their hips and their bellies off balance to turn them. Kicking and rolling about the Fair Grounds, swinging their butts, those shanks must be sound to bear up under such rollicking measures, prance as they dance in Breughel's great picture, The Kermess.

10

Sonnet #5 from Clearances

In Memoriam M.K.H., 1911-1984

The cool that came off the sheets just off the line Made me think the damp must still be in them But when I took my corners of the linen And pulled against her, first straight down the hem And then diagonally, then flapped and shook The fabric like a sail in a cross-wind, 5 They made a dried-out undulating thwack. So we'd stretch and fold and end up hand to hand For a split second as if nothing had happened For nothing had that had not always happened Beforehand, day by day, just touch and go, 10 Coming close again by holding back In moves where I was x and she was o Inscribed in sheets she'd sewn from ripped-out flour sacks.

--Seamus Heaney

I Will Put Chaos into Fourteen Lines

I will put Chaos into fourteen lines And keep him there; and let him thence escape If he be lucky; let him twist, and ape Flood, fire, and demon --- his adroit designs Will strain to nothing in the strict confines 5 Of this sweet order, where, in pious rape, I hold his essence and amorphous shape, Till he with Order mingles and combines. Past are the hours, the years of our duress. His arrogance, our awful servitude: 10 I have him. He is nothing more nor less Than something simple not yet understood; I shall not even force him to confess; Or answer. I will only make him good.

-- Edna St. Vincent Millay

2006 AP[®] ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMPOSITION FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMPOSITION SECTION II

Total time-2 hours

Question 1

(Suggested time—40 minutes. This question counts as one-third of the total essay section score.)

Read the following poem carefully. Then write a well-organized essay in which you analyze how the poet uses language to describe the scene and to convey mood and meaning.

Evening Hawk

From plane of light to plane, wings dipping through Geometries and orchids that the sunset builds, Out of the peak's black angularity of shadow, riding

Line The last tumultuous avalanche of

5 Light above pines and the guttural gorge,
The hawk comes.

His wing Scythes down another day, his motion Is that of the honed steel-edge, we hear The crashless fall of stalks of Time.

10 The head of each stalk is heavy with the gold of our error.

Look! look! he is climbing the last light Who knows neither Time nor error, and under Whose eye, unforgiving, the world, unforgiven, swings Into shadow.

Long now,

The last thrush is still, the last bat

Now cruises in his sharp hieroglyphics. His wisdom
Is ancient, too, and immense. The star
Is steady, like Plato,* over the mountain.

If there were no wind we might, we think, hear

The earth grind on its axis, or history
Drip in darkness like a leaking pipe in the cellar.

---Robert Penn Warren

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^{*}Greek philosopher (427?-347? B.C.)

1989

Read the following poem carefully. Take careful notes on how the poem's organization, diction, and figurative language prepare the reader for the speaker's concluding response.

The Great Scarf of Birds

John Updike

And as

I watched, one bird,

Playing golf on Cape Ann in October I saw something to remember.

Ripe apples were caught like red fish in the nets of their branches. The maples were colored like apples, (5) part orange and red, part green.

The elms, already transparent trees, seemed swaying vases full of sky. The sky was dramatic with great straggling V's of geese streaming south, mare's-tails above them. (10) Their trumpeting made us look up and around.

The course sloped into salt marshes, and this seemed to cause the abundance of birds.

As if out of the Bible
or science fiction,
a cloud appeared, a cloud of dots
like iron filings which a magnet
underneath the paper undulates.
It dartingly darkened in spots,
paled, pulsed compressed, distended, yet
held an identity firm: a flock
of starlings, as much one thing as a rock.
One will moved above the trees
the liquid and hesitant drift.

(15)

Come nearer, it became less marvellous, (25) more legible, and merely huge.

"I never saw so many birds!" my friend exclaimed.

We returned our eyes to the game.

Later, as Lot's wife must have done,
in a pause of walking, not thinking
of calling down a consequence,
I lazily looked around.

The rise of the fairway above us was tinted, so evenly tinted I might not have noticed but that at the rim of the delicate shadow (35) the starlings were thicker and outlined the flock as an inkstain in drying pronounces its edges.

The gradual rise of green was vastly covered; I had thought nothing in nature could be so broad but grass. (40)

prompted by accident or will to lead, ceased resting; and, lifting in a casual billow, the flock ascended as a lady's scarf, (45) transparent, of gray, might be twitched

by one corner, drawn upward and then, decided against, negligently tossed toward a chair: the southward cloud withdrew into the air.

Long had it been since my heart (50) had been lifted as it was by the lifting of that great scarf.

Janet Waking

Beautifully Janet slept
Till it was deeply morning. She woke then
And thought about her dainty-feathered hen,
To see how it had kept.

One kiss she gave her mother, Only a small one gave she to her daddy Who would have kissed each curl of his shining baby; No kiss at all for her brother,

"Old Chucky, old Chucky!" she cried, Running across the world upon the grass To Chucky's house and listening. But alas, Her Chucky had died.

It was a transmogrifying bee Came droning down on Chucky's old bald head And sat and put the poison. It scarcely bled, But how exceedingly

And purply did the knot

Swell with the venom and communicate

Its rigor! Now the poor comb stood up straight

But Chucky did not.

Kneeling on the wet grass, crying her brown hen

(Translated far beyond the daughters of men).

To rise and walk upon it.

And weeping fast as she had breath
Janet implored us, "Wake her from her sleep!"
And would not be instructed in how deep
Was the forgetful kingdom of death.

John Crowe Ransom

Young

A thousand doors ago when I was a lonely kid in a big house with four garages and it was summer as long as I could remember, I lay on the lawn at night clover wrinkling under me, the wise stars bedding over me, my mother's window a funnel of yellow heat running out, my father's window, half shut, an eye where sleepers pass, and the boards of the house were smooth and white as wax and probably a million leaves sailed on their strange stalks as the crickets ticked together and I, in my brand new body, which was not a woman's yet, told the stars my questions and thought God could really see the heat and the painted light, elbows, knees, dreams, goodnight.

Mid-Term Break

I sat all morning in the college sick bay Counting bells knelling classes to a close. At two o'clock our neighbors drove me home.

In the porch I met my father crying—
He had always taken funerals in his stride—
And Big Jim Evans saying it was a hard blow.

The baby cooed and laughed and rocked the pram When I came in, and I was embarrassed By old men standing up to shake my hand

And tell me they were "sorry for my trouble." Whispers informed strangers I was the eldest, Away at school, as my mother held my hand

In hers and coughed our angry tearless sighs. At ten o'clock the ambulance arrived With the corpse, stanched and bandaged by the nurses.

Next morning I went up into the room. Snowdrops And candles soothed the bedside; I saw him For the first time in six weeks. Paler now, Wearing a poppy bruise on his left temple, He lay in the four foot box as in his cot. No gaudy scars, the bumper knocked him clear.

A four foot box, a foot for every year.
--Seamus Heaney

AUDRE LORDE (1934-)

Coal

I is the total black, being spoken from the earth's inside.
There are many kinds of open how a diamond comes into a knot of flame how sound comes into a word, colored by who pays what for speaking.

Some words are open like a diamond on glass windows

- singing out within the passing crash of sun
 Then there are words like stapled wagers
 in a perforated book—buy and sign and tear apart—
 and come whatever wills all chances
 the stub remains
- an ill-pulled tooth with a ragged edge. Some words live in my throat breeding like adders. Others know sun seeking like gypsies over my tongue to explode through my lips

like young sparrows bursting from shell.
Some words
bedevil me.

Love is a word, another kind of open. As the diamond comes into a knot of flame

I am Black because I come from the earth's inside now take my word for jewel in the open light.

Getting Through

Like a car stuck in gear, a chicken too stupid to tell its head is gone, or sound ratcheting on long after the film has jumped the reel, or a phone ringing and ringing in the house they have all moved away from, through rooms where dust is a deepening skin, and the locks unneeded, so I go on loving you, my heart blundering on, a muscle spilling out what is no longer wanted, and my words hurtling past, like a train off its track, toward a boarded-up station, closed for years, like some last speaker of a beautiful language no one else can hear.

Deborah Pope

Weighing the Dog

It is awkward for me and bewildering for him as I hold him in my arms in the small bathroom, balancing our weight on the shaky blue scale,

but this is the way to weigh a dog and easier than training him to sit obediently on one spot with his tongue out, waiting for a cookie.

With pencil and paper I subtract my weight from our total to find out the remainder that is his, and I start to wonder if there is an analogy here.

It could not have to do with my leaving you though I never figured out what you amounted to until I subtracted myself from our combination.

You held me in your arms more than I held you through all those awkward and bewildering months and now we are both lost in strange and distant neighborhoods.

Billy Collins

Lying in a Hammock at William Duffy's Farm in Pine Island, Minnesota

Over my head, I see the bronze butterfly
Asleep on the black trunk,
Blowing like a leaf in green shadow.
Down the ravine behind the empty house,
The cowbells follow one another
Into the distances of the afternoon.
To my right,
In a field of sunlight between two pines,
The droppings of last year's horses
Blaze up into golden stones.
I lean back, as the evening darkens and comes on.
A chicken hawk floats over, looking for home.
I have wasted my life.

-- James Wright

2011 AP® ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMPOSITION FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMPOSITION SECTION II

Total time—2 hours

Question 1

(Suggested time—40 minutes. This question counts as one-third of the total essay section score.)

The following poem is by the contemporary poet Li-Young Lee. Read the poem carefully. Then write a well-developed essay in which you analyze how the poet conveys the complex relationship of the father and the son through the use of literary devices such as point of view and structure.

A Story

Sad is the man who is asked for a story and can't come up with one.

His five-year-old son waits in his lap.

Line Not the same story, Baba. A new one.

5 The man rubs his chin, scratches his ear.

In a room full of books in a world of stories, he can recall not one, and soon, he thinks, the boy will give up on his father.

- 10 Already the man lives far ahead, he sees the day this boy will go. Don't go! Hear the alligator story! The angel story once more! You love the spider story. You laugh at the spider. Let me tell it!
- 15 But the boy is packing his shirts, he is looking for his keys. Are you a god, the man screams, that I sit mute before you? Am I a god that I should never disappoint?
- But the boy is here. *Please, Baba, a story?*20 It is an emotional rather than logical equation, an earthly rather than heavenly one, which posits that a boy's supplications and a father's love add up to silence.

Li-Young Lee, "A Story" from *The City in Which I Love You*. Copyright © 1990 by Li-Young Lee. Used by permission of BOA Editions, Ltd., www.boaeditions.org.

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ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMPOSITION SECTION II Total time—2 hours

Question 1

(Suggested time—40 minutes. This question counts as one-third of the total essay section score.)

Carefully read the following poem by Mary Oliver. Then write a well-organized essay in which you analyze how Oliver conveys the relationship between the tree and family through the use of figurative language and other poetic techniques.

The Black Walnut Tree

My mother and I debate: we could sell the black walnut tree to the lumberman, and pay off the mortgage. Likely some storm anyway will churn down its dark boughs, smashing the house. We talk slowly, two women trying in a difficult time to be wise. Roots in the cellar drains. I say, and she replies that the leaves are getting heavier every year, and the fruit harder to gather away. But something brighter than money moves in our blood-an edge sharp and quick as a trowel that wants us to dig and sow. So we talk, but we don't do anything. That night I dream of my fathers out of Bohemia filling the blue fields of fresh and generous Ohio with leaves and vines and orchards. What my mother and I both know is that we'd crawl with shame in the emptiness we'd made in our own and our fathers' backyard. So the black walnut tree swings through another year of sun and leaping winds, of leaves and bounding fruit, and, month after month, the whipcrack of the mortgage.